/ URBANISM ARCHITECTURE, RENOVATION & INTERIOR DESIGN

GRAPHIC DESIGN & WEBSITE DESIGN

/ DELFT UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY & UNIVERSIDADE DE COIMBRA

VLAA ARCHITECTS

/ ATELIER RIJKSBOUWMEESTER

/ CLAUDIO TAPIA ARQUITECTOS

# POKIFOLIO

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Museum of Knowledge \ Chandigarh, India competition

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V. Meursstraat / Utrecht, The Netherlands completed in 2015



Vertical Slum / São Paulo, Brazil competition - finalist



Trashy Housing / Accra, Ghana graduation project

CASA BM \ SANTIAGO CASA BM / SANTIAGO

**PROJECT** Casa BM

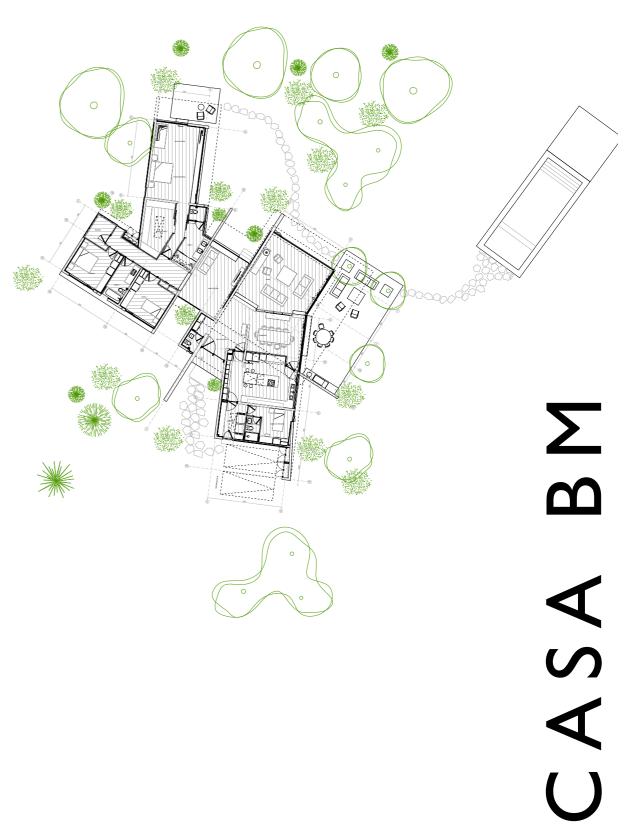
**LOCATION**Santiago, Chile

**PERIOD** 2016 - 2017

**TEAM**Claudio Tapio
Arquitectos







YAC \ BOLOGNA YAC / BOLOGNA



# **ENERGY POSITIVE SHOWCASE** FOR GREEN ACADEMY

The former paper factory of Marzabotto houses the green institute & academy by DISMECO. The institute contains an academy with high-level training facilities, a green business incubater and an interactive museum, all of them educating a broad public in sustainable science.

**PROJECT** Competition YAC

LOCATION Bologna, Italy

PERIOD August 2016

**TEAM** 

VLAA architects

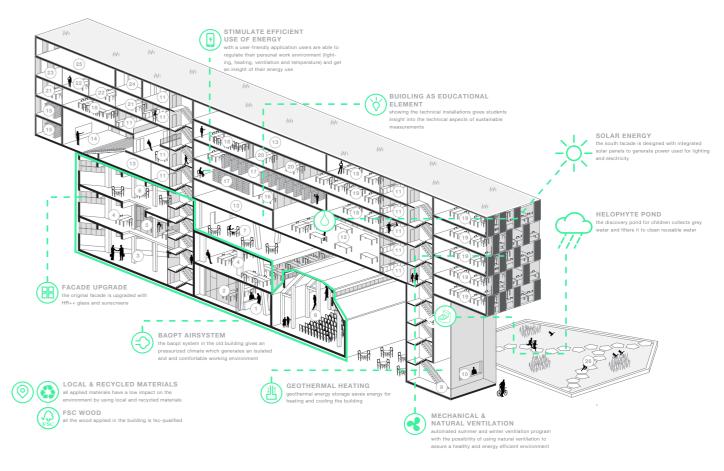


# YAC

YAC \ BOLOGNA YAC / BOLOGNA







### BUILDING as a LEARNING EXAMPLE

As an institute for green and sustainable science, the building itself should embrace the mission. Therefore we strive to realize an energy-efficient building with a minimal impact on the environment. A sustainable building also constitutes a building with a healthy and pleasant environment for those working in it, and those visiting the building. As volume completely energy passive. an educational concept the building technologies used to achieve those goals will all be visible and locally explained to the users. In this way the impact of new technologies is clearly shown and will be an inspiration to the students and other visitors.

### RENOVATION vs. BUILDING NEW

Sustainable design in renovation or in new a composition of two different volumes that act as in the south facade.

a playground for sustainable design. The majestic paper factory showcases the measures one could take in reuse, bringing an beautiful old building up to standards. The newly added volume of the academy gives us the possibility to go wild in showing the technologies that one could use starting from scratch. The goal is to make this

### ENERGY POSITIVE

Creating a passive building has different consequences for its design. The energy use of the building is reduced with different inverventions, f.e. by a facade with a thermal resistance of 10 m<sup>2</sup>K/W or an encloused south facade to reduce radiation heat entering the building. Users are also stimulated to reduce their energy consumption by buildings asks for a completely different approach. a user-friendly application created to save energy. To be able to illustrate the wide range of Beside reducing energy-loss, the building also possibilities within sustainable design we created generates energy by the solar panels intergrated

### **PROJECT**

Entrance Eusebius

### LOCATION

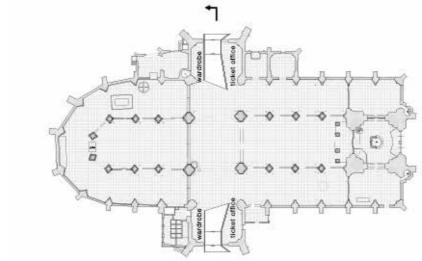
Arnhem, The Netherlands

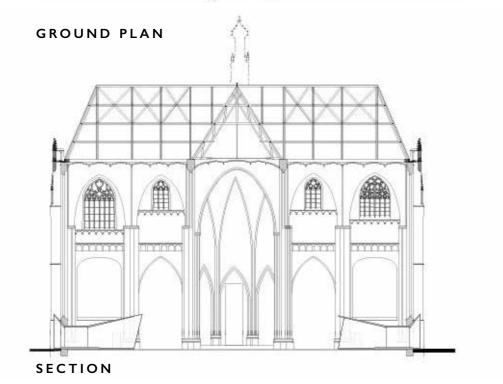
### **PERIOD**

January 2016

### **TEAM**

VLAA architects

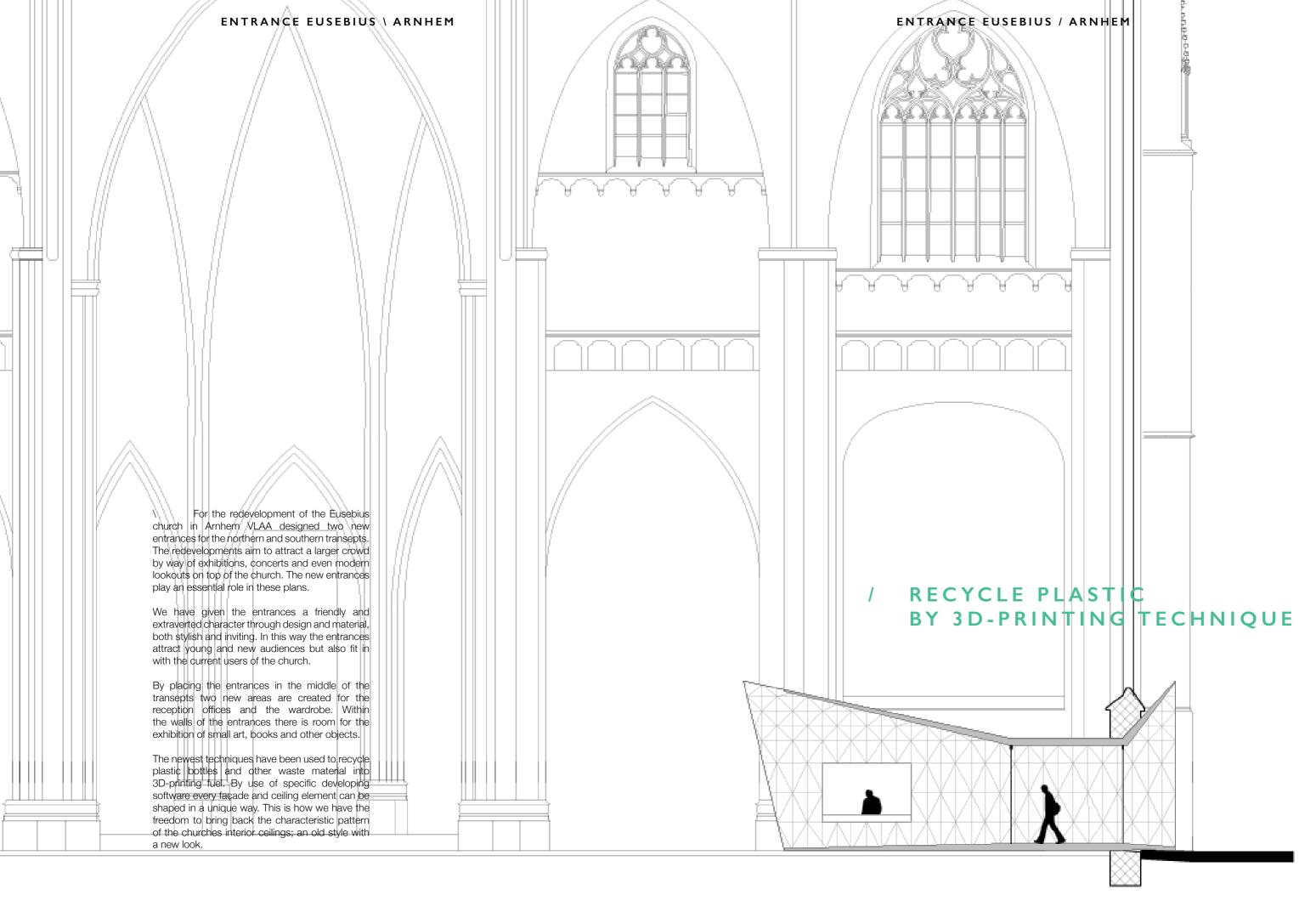




# **COMPLETE URBAN ROUTE**







# **DESIGN BY LIGHT**

**PROJECT** Van Meusstraat

### **LOCATION**

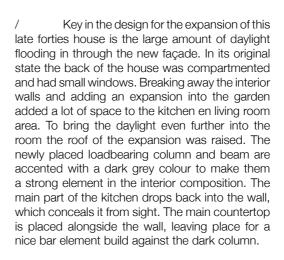
Utrecht, The Netherlands

### **PERIOD**

2015

### **TEAM** VLAA architects



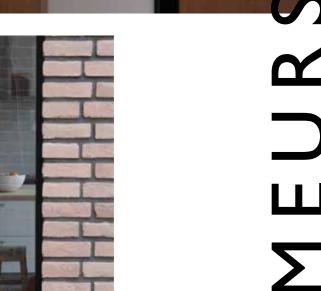


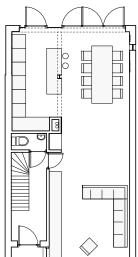
The hallway was renovated to make place for a larger bathroom and a new main door to the living room. This nicely ornamented door was reused from one of the old cupboards and maintains the beautiful contemporary style of the house.











MOK / CHANDIGARH MOK \ CHANDIGARH

**PROJECT**Musem of Knowledge

LOCATION Chandigarh, India

PERIOD

Augustus 2015

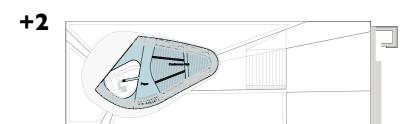
**TEAM** VLAA architects

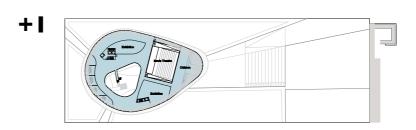


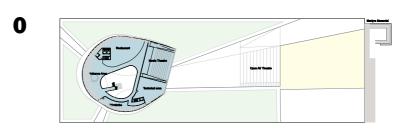
# \ EMOTIONAL POWER BY DESIGN

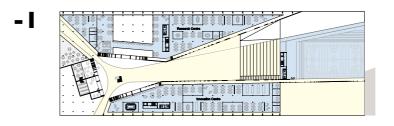


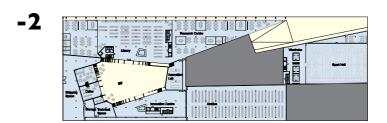
In the year 1953 the city of Chandigarh was founded. This city - designed by architect Le Corbusier - was built as the new capitol for the Indian part of Punjab; Haryana. Le Corbusier designed the complete layout of the city and built a concrete capitol with all the governmental facilities the city needed. The museum of knowledge that was planned was never built and left an empty plot in the middle of the capitol. The Chandigarh Unbuilt competition challenged designers to come up with a relevant design for the Museum of Knowledge based upon Le Corbusier's principles, completing the layout of the city.



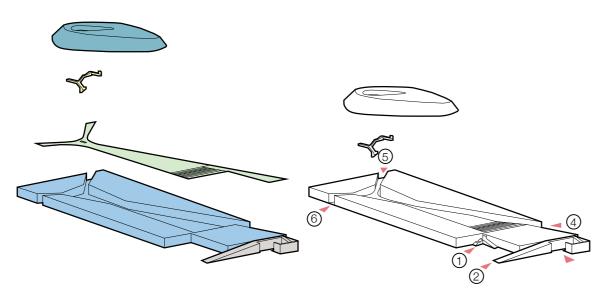








**MOK \ CHANDIGARH** MOK / CHANDIGARH



### CONCEPT

- Martyrs Memorial
- plint building
- roof programme
- connecting staircases plint utopia
- utopia

### **ENTRANCES**

- ① ③ entrance via Martyrs Memorial
- entrance via acces road
- ⑤ entrance north side
- 6 entrance east side

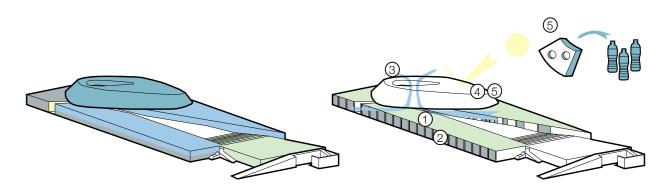
main forms.

The plinth symbolizes the foundation of of science. knowledge. In here students and scientists find all the supporting facilities they need to do their research.

Carried by this foundation is the Utopia: a futuristic exhibition centre. For this building the newest technologies have been used, so that not only the exhibition but also the building itself shows the accomplishments of science.

The proposal for a new Museum of Knowledge in From different directions streams of people come the center of the Chandigarh Capitol focuses on together under the Utopia, symbolizing that creating knowledge and sharing it with the world. knowledge can bring people together. Upon arrival The design separates these functions into two under the main building the visitors suddenly enter an overwhelming atrium. Here they are welcomed to experience a journey of discovery into the world

# SUSTAINABLE DESIGN



### ORGANISATION

- gaining knowledge
- sharing knowledge
- entertainment
- retail
- services

### SUSTAINABILITY

- ① green roof for isolation and CO2-production
- ② cantilever to ensure shading
- ③ natural ventilation by atrium
- 4 reflection facade
- 5 upcycled plastic into facade



### **PROJECTS** several

### LOCATION

The Netherlands

# **PERIOD**

2014 - 2016

**TEAM** headed by Koen van Velsen & Floris Alkemade

> During my time at the Chief Government of Architecture (Atelier Rijksbouwmeester) - Floris Alkemade - I worked in a small, but diverse team of architects, urbanists, artists. Together we advised the Central Government Real Estate Agency and relevant Ministries of the Netherlands on the quality of spatial planning.

> In this period I worked on several renovation projects, tenders and rejecting projects. These projects varied in scale, significance and consideration. This asked for a different approach in each project which is reflected in the broad activities of my work; from visualisation to feasibility studies of drafting quality standers for tenders. In all these projects I worked with different stakeholders such as clients, municipalities, designers of private investors.

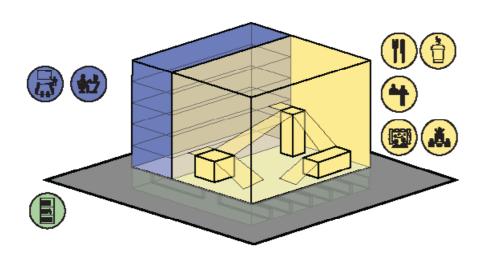
> The projects we work on are often politically sensitive and therefore our work is mainly confidential. The next pages show a selection of my work to give an overall impression of my work at the Chief Government of Architecture.



Binnenhof, several architects, 1230 - 1992, The Hague



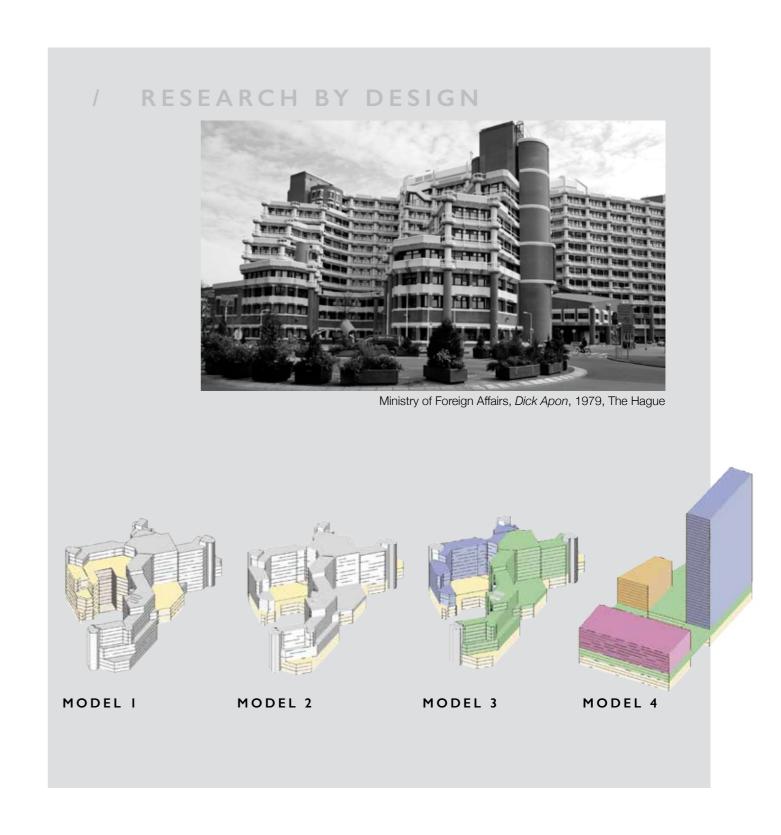
# WORKSHOPS WITH STAKEHOLDERS



# FEASIBILTY STUDIES & OF REQUIREMENTS



Royal Library of The Netherlands, OD205, 1982, The Hague

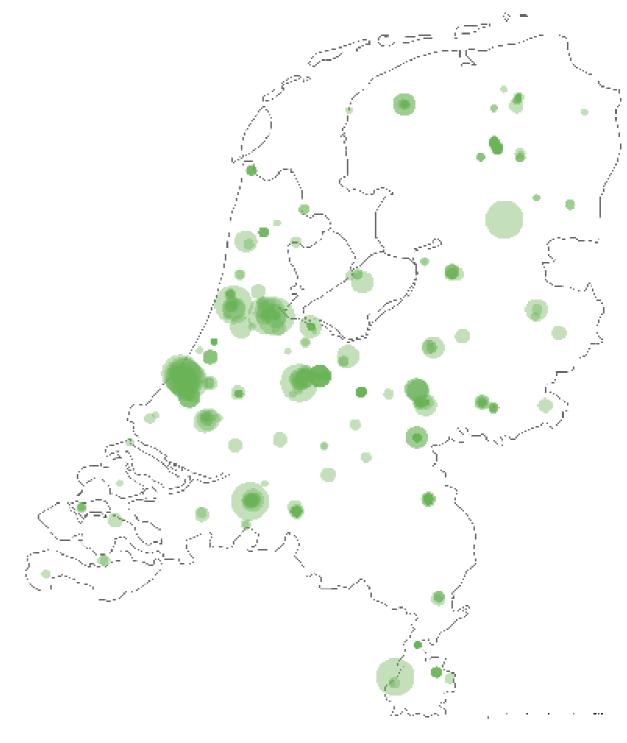






Indoor Farming, Hembrugterrein Zaandam

# ARTIST IMPRESSION / MAPPING STATE PROPERTY



Atlas of Dutch Governmental Real Estate, The Netherlands

**PROJECT** MH17 Memorial

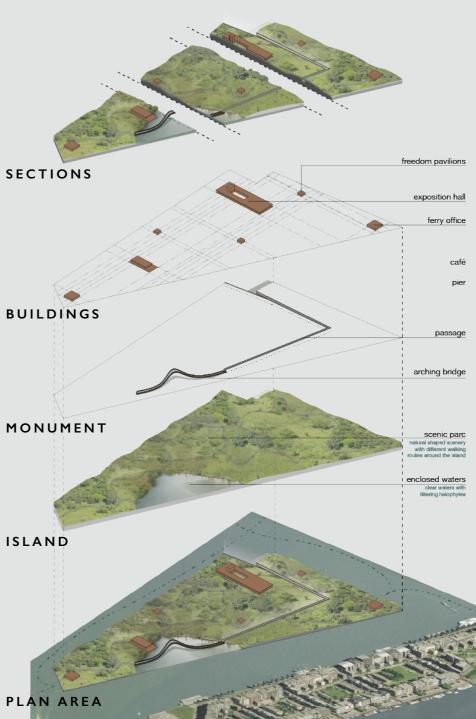
**LOCATION** 

Amsterdam, The Netherlands

**PERIOD** April 2015

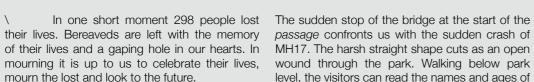
**TEAM** VLAA Architects





# CELEBRATING LIFE, MOURNING THE LOST, LOOKING TO THE FUTURE



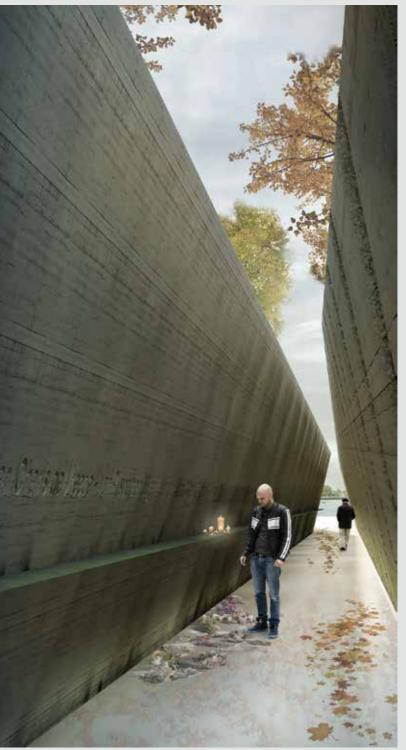


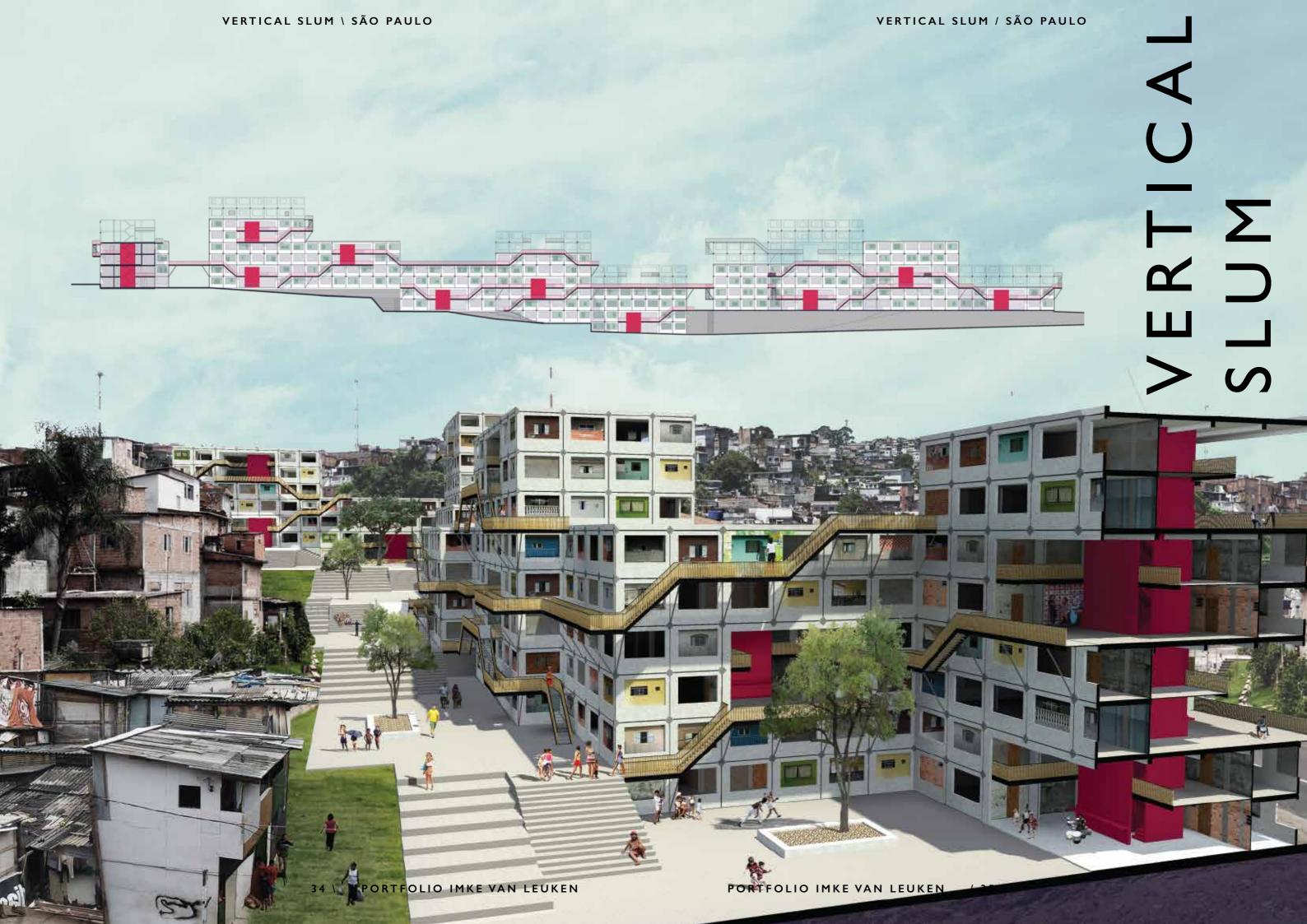
celebrating life, mourning the lost, looking to the reflecting the imprint that life left behind. future - are expressed in three different elements.

bridge reflects life, going forward from one place boats gliding by, the visitor can have a peaceful to another. It reflects the anticipation the victims moment, trying to give loss a place and look to the probably felt during the beginning of their long- future. Finally a stairway will lead the visitor back expected travels. To emphasize the meaning of up, ascending into the park. the bridge it is constructed from a natural, living material: wood.

In one short moment 298 people lost The sudden stop of the bridge at the start of the level, the visitors can read the names and ages of the victims in the cast concrete walls. The same Within the MH17 memorial park lays the memorial wooden slats that were used for the bridge are route. Along this route the three themes - used for the casting of these walls, their imprint

At the end of the passage the pier reaches out The wide and up-going volume of the arching over the river the IJ. Looking out across the water,





### **PROJECT** Vertical Slum

## **LOCATION**

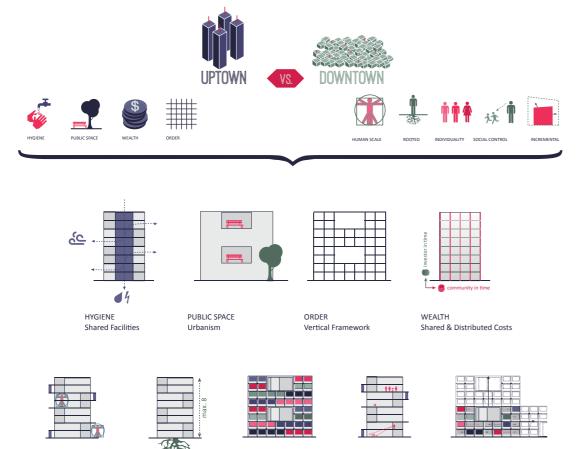
São Paulo, Brasil

### **PERIOD**

December 2014

### TEAM

VLAA architects



Skyscraper vs. Slum; The two most urban ability to grow and reach an incremental urban probably the most contrasting structures we can imagine. While the upper class neighbourhoods in The building layout for this proposal is based on develop countries consist of luxurious high-rise, three different scale levels, each incrementally the poorest areas of the world are self-constructed shaped by the residents to a high degree. These habitats known as slums, villas miseria, favelas, scale levels make it possible for the building bidonvilles and shantytowns, mainly consisting of to connect with the citizens' needs as well as low-rise. This proposal translates the qualities of to adjust towards the structure of the existing skyscrapers into practical solutions for the vertical neighbourhoods. From individual spaces to slum.

Maximum of 8 Floors

HUMAN SCALE

Stairs & Openness in Facade

The Vertical Slum proposal combines the best the building in its urban context. of both worlds. On the one hand it takes the infrastructure, planning and height (max. 6 stories) of the modern skyscrapers. On the other hand the informality, the human scale, the relation with the street and the social communities of the informal slums. In this structure we will ensure a natural

structures with the highest density in people, are tissue, leaving space for public functions to arise.

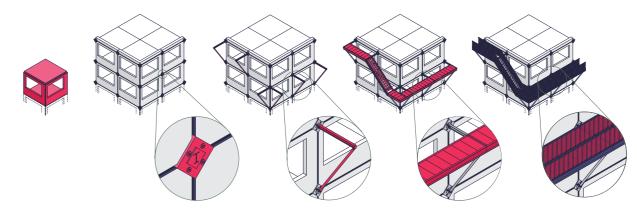
INCREMENTAL

Dwelling and Compound

urban structure, these scale levels consist of: the modular room/the dwelling, the compound and

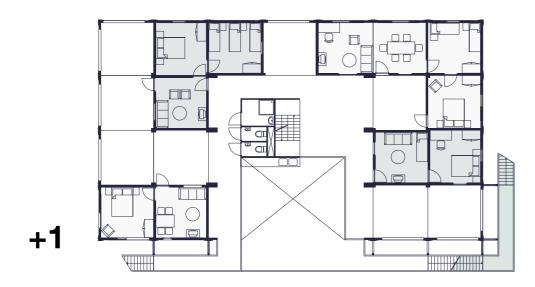
# THE VERTICAL SLUM **COMBINES ORDER WITH** INFORMALITY

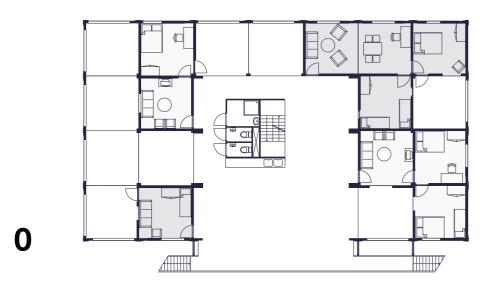




TECHNICAL PRINCIPLES OF THE URBAN PLAN

# **NESIDENTS CREATE** THEIR HOMES AND CITIES







# / GENERIC ROOMS CAN SERVE MULTIPLE FUNCTIONS

### **PROJECT**

Impact Hub

### LOCATION

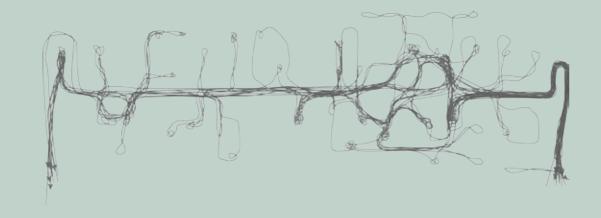
Amsterdam, The Netherlands

# PERIOD

2014

### TEAM

AKKA Architects









Impact Hub Amsterdam is part of a global The Impact Hub Amsterdam is located on a better world.

In this project AKKA was asked to design the new location for the Impact Hub Amsterdam, our The space houses nine different yet interconnected and empower them to realize enterprising ideas spaces. for a sustainable impact.

ecosystem of 60+ Impact Hubs with over 7000 the first floor of a 19th century building in the members that make impact makers thrive, around beautiful Westerpark. The Impact Hub is a cothe world. This co-working space is a gateway to working place for Impact Makers to work, meet, resources, knowledge and talent to move ideas collaborate, connect, innovate, start, grow and and initiatives forward, and collaboratively create scale. Opened in 2013, this space is specifically designed to encourage human interactions, which are necessary for collaboration and innovation.

purpose was to create spaces that actively foster areas which include meeting rooms, event spaces interactions between people, to inspire, connect and team offices, both silent and lively co-working

### **PROJECT**

Graduation Thesis participation design method

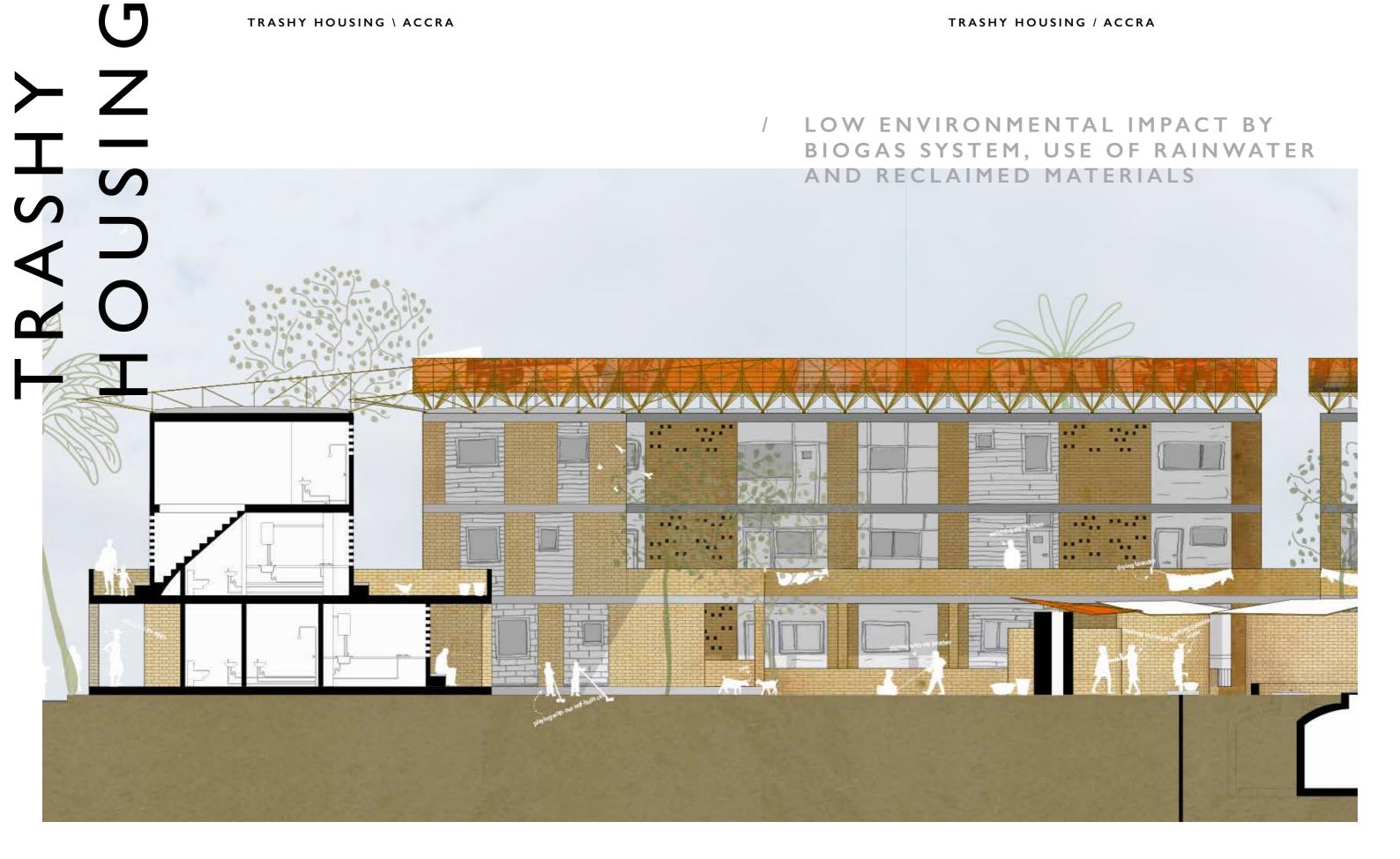
### **PERIOD**

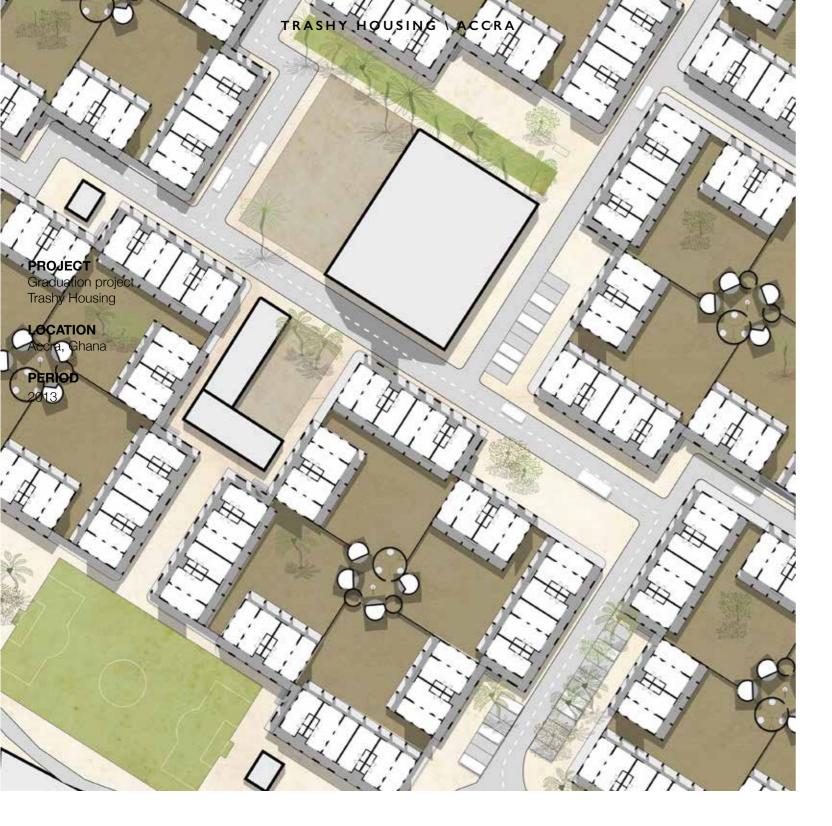
2012

# **3** 0 50% - 50% Barrier Marie

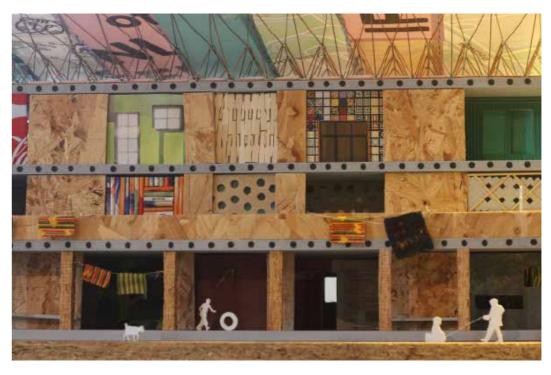
In the final stage of my Architectural Studies, I took the opportunity to graduate within Explore Lab at Delft University of Technology. Here I could graduate with a project, based on my own fascination: Housing the poorest in the world. Since most of these potential clients live in developing countries, I needed to design for another culture, with different living habits and climate, than my own. To design good buildings it is necessary to understand these cultural characteristics. To overcome these problems 'participation design method' is a commonly used design method and is based on a strong participation between designer and user. To understand this method I did an intensive research on this topic Participation Design Method regarding shelter in the developing world.

The research is divided in three parts; a literature study, case studies and my own experience in Ghana where I lived with the future users of my design project for two months. The result of my design project is shown in the following pages. Based on the three seperate parts of my reseach I was able to give a critical conclusion about participation design method and give recommendations for architects, using this method.





INCREMENTAL HOUSING SCHEME ENABLES FAMILIES TO DEVELOP THEIR HOUSES DURING TIME



For my graduation project I designed a housing project in the capital of Ghana. Stuart Gold, the founder of the company Trashy Bags bought a plot of land in Accra with the intention to construct houses for his employees who are currently living in slums. I had the opportunity to work with the employees of Trashy Bags, the future residents of the Trashy Housing Project.

The design is based on an incremental scheme, where Stuart will be responsible for the structure and sanitation. The residents will be responsible for the facade and inner walls themselves. In this way the financial costs are divided between both parties.

The architectural scheme gives the families the freedom to grow their house during their lives. Young couples can choose to build a single apartment right now and add extra rooms if necessary.

The structure is made from pressed earth bricks and in-situ poured concrete. Sanitation is included in this structure. The system is covered with a tropical roof of re-used billboard. This will collect the rainwater to flush the toilets, which are connected to a biogas system. Simple but refined detailling make it easy to finish the house for the residents.



### **PROJECT** Mediatheque

**LOCATION** 

# Casablanca,

Morocco

# **PERIOD**

2011

### **TEAMMEMBERS**

Jiran Ma & Kuno Jacobs

Delft University of Technology: Public Realm.

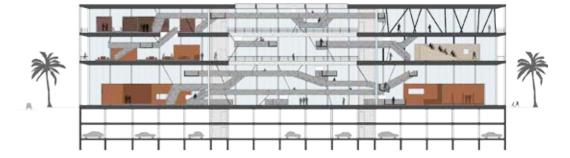
Together with Jiran Ma and Kuno Jacobs we proposed a building, which is a contradiction in itself. From outside we see a facade with its' simplicity (referring to the French context), while inside the chaos of the Medina is created with the so-called 'by-passes' and the 'alien'. The bypasses combine the different clean, white boxes The city Casablanca is a mixture between within the building, which have the same function. its old Morocan centre, the French neighborhoods These functions (library, exposition and theatre) and the modern skyscrapers. These three parts are recognizable by the different wooden materials come together at the design location of the from the alien, which defines the spaces in these Mediatheque for a project during my studies at white boxes. The modernity of Casablanca is reflected in the materialisation of our building.

# 3 ROUTES CROSSING 9 GENERIC ROOMS

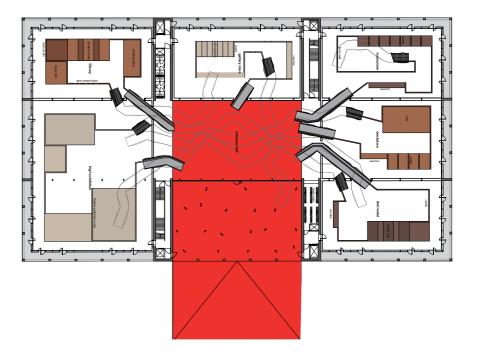
### **SOUTH ELEVATION**



### **SECTION**



### **GROUND PLAN**



### **PROJECT**

Boijmans van Beuningen depot

### LOCATION

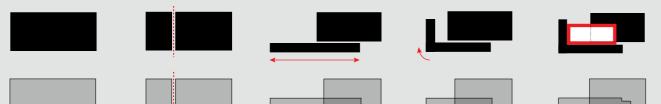
Rotterdam, The Netherlands

### **PERIOD**

2010

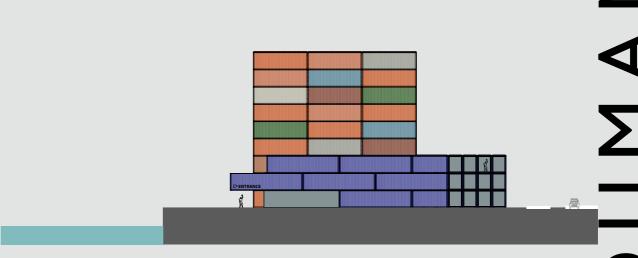
# 827 RECLAIMED SHIPPING CONTAINERS





of Technology, I designed an artdepot building are designed as a pavilion, while the storage is a in the harbor of Rotterdam. Since the art, stored rectangular box. The pavilion exists out of newin the building has to be transportable, the size painted, blue containers. The re-used containers of the collection items are limited to the size of of the storage building have their original colors. a shipping container. This made it possible to In the middle of these two forms, a garden arises, construct the building completely out of re-used where art of the collection is shown. shipping containers. In total the building exists out of 827 containers.

For a study project at Delft University The exhibition space, together with the offices



boijmans

van beuningen

### **PROJECT**

Interior stadskantoor

### **LOCATION**

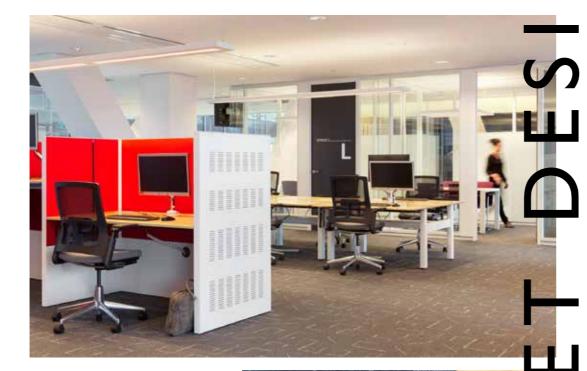
Utrecht, The Netherlands

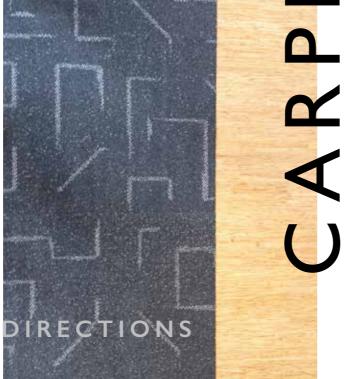
# **PERIOD**

2009

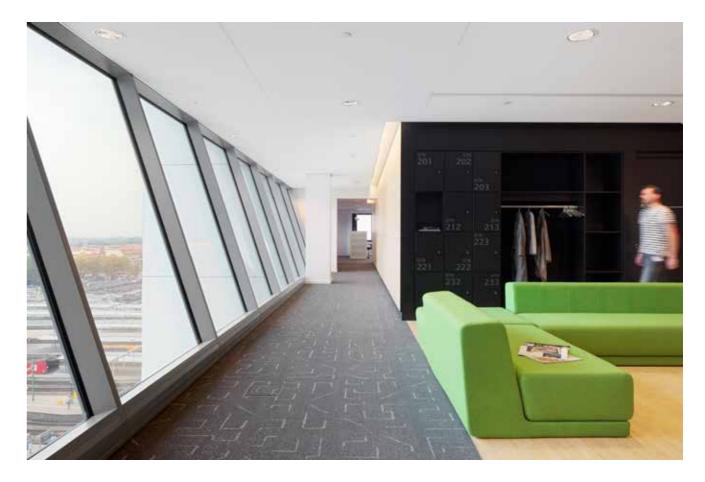
### **TEAMMEMBERS**

Kraaijvanger





5 CARPET TILES ARE REPEATABLE IN ALL DIRECTIONS



A FLOOR NEVER REVEALS REPETITION NOR DIRECTION

During her internship at Kraaijvanger Imke designed a concept for the carpet of the new municipality building of Utrecht. The design exist of five different square carpet-tiles, which are connectable in all possible directions. Hereby the carpet is easily placeble and will never show repetition nor direction.

**PUBLICATIONS PUBLICATIONS** 

# RESEARCH ON PARKINGREGULATIONS



groosmans partners (2013) parkeergarages approved NEN2443:2013, Rotterdam, The Netherlands

# \ RESEARCH ON TEMPORARY CITIES



www.nederlandwordtanders.nl

# SEVERAL ARTICALS AS AMBASADOR OF A.I.D.





www.architectureindevelopment.org

### FLORIS ALKEMADE / RECOMMENDATION LETTER



a feer year from this loss 2010/2010/02 The Hegali

Office of the Tible? Government Architect

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Enviscoperson F.LH. Alternatio

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tortie April 5, 2016

Subject - Recommendation letter Inke van Leuken

### TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

From December 2014 to April 2016 Time van Leuken worked as an architect in our office. During this period she showed a strong commitment in every field of the various projects she worked on, such as:

- devolopment of design in early design phase of large scala (renevation)projects.
- visualizing ideas and preparing presentations (schematic illustration, architectural drawings and artist impression).
- execution of feasibility studies & testing program of requirements.
- work in field of multiple stakeholders (government, municipality and private investors) & experts (designers, technical and costs experts).
- · doeft quality standards for tenders.

limics is a stayer and is not settened before the highest results are achieved. Her approach and design are always well thought out. She is a team player and at the same time capable to work individually. Accuracy, punctuality and decisiveness are important characteristics of boke. Her knowledge about the works of architects worldwide as well as contemporary architecture is excellent. As a colleague she is friendly and willing to easiet wherever possible:

My colleagues and I genuinely regret her departure, atthough we understand and respect her wish to take on a new challenge to her career by enlarging her experience outside The Netherlands. I can highly recommend her as a qualified architect and a fine colleague. I wish her every success in her job applications.

Floris Alkemade

Chief Government Architect of the Netherlands

Property of the

# / PORTFOLIO BY IMKE VAN LEUKEN

June 2016

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PORIFOLIO